

# Terracotta Irrigation Controller User Manual

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Terracotta Irrigation Controller with Control Volume Boost Container

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## 1. Introduction

The Terracotta Irrigation Controller is suitable for automatic sprinkler irrigation or drip irrigation. The Terracotta Irrigation Controller includes a valve that operates with water supply pressure in the range 10 kPa to 800 kPa. The interval between irrigation events responds automatically to the on-site prevailing weather conditions (namely, evaporation and rainfall).

Terracotta is porous and so the water level in the pot falls as water seeps through the pot. A float inside the pot floats on the water. When the water level reaches the low level, a magnet inside the float activates the valve so that the valve opens, water rises up the vertical tube, the float switch opens, the solenoid valve opens and the irrigation starts. During the irrigation event a control dripper drips water into the pot and the water level rises. When the water level reaches the high level, the magnet inside the float disengages from the valve so that the valve closes, water drains from the vertical tube, the float switch closes, the solenoid valve closes and the irrigation stops.



Float and the water level



Float showing the ring magnet at the bottom of the float



Drain valve and white valve with 15mm inlet and outlet

Conventional drip irrigation systems control the volume of water discharged by a dripper by using PC (pressure compensating) drippers to control the flow rate and an irrigation controller to control the time. In a domestic garden with mains water supply, many zones are usually required to ensure that the pressure in each zone does not fall below the lower limit for pressure compensation. The irrigation controller is programmed so that each zone is irrigated at a different time.

With identical NPC drippers (including the control dripper) at approximately the same level and negligible variations in the pressure within the zone due to frictional head loss, the Terracotta Irrigation Controller ensures that the volume of water discharged by each dripper during the irrigation event is approximately the same regardless of the pressure. If the water supply pressure decreases, the flow rate of the NPC drippers also decreases. However, the duration of the irrigation event increases automatically to ensure that the control volume of water is discharged by each dripper. For domestic gardens on level ground, the irrigation system can usually be designed so that variations in pressure within the zone due to frictional head loss are negligible.

By using the Terracotta Irrigation Controller in this way, many zones with PC drippers can be combined into a single zone with NPC drippers and a single controller, and so the cost of the irrigation system can be reduced dramatically.

## **2. Key features of the Terracotta Irrigation Controller**

1. Use for any size irrigation application with any size solenoid valve (non-latching)
2. A 12 volt power supply is required
3. Water supply pressure 10 kPa to 800 kPa
4. Use for sprinkler irrigation or drip irrigation
5. Use for gravity feed or pressurised irrigation
6. Use with PC (pressure compensating) drippers or NPC (non pressure compensating) drippers
7. Adjust the water usage rate by adjusting the control dripper
8. Adjust the interval between irrigation events by adjusting the float
9. Adjusting the water usage rate does not affect the interval between irrigation events, and adjusting the interval between irrigation events does not affect the water usage rate
10. Responds automatically to on-site evaporation and rainfall
11. The irrigation frequency increases significantly during a heat wave
12. A light sensor provides the option of irrigating at night time only
13. The Control Volume Boost Container allows the control volume to be set to any value between 500 and 1600 mls
14. If the adjustable control dripper is replaced by one of the irrigation drippers, then each dripper in the irrigation application will deliver the control volume during the irrigation event
15. The Control Volume Boost Container allows the interval between irrigation events to be adjusted by adjusting the exposed surface area of the polyester cloth
16. Irrigate directly from a rainwater tank without using a pump
17. Water in the terracotta pot is protected from algae, mosquitoes and thirsty animals
18. Simple and low tech, and therefore fewer things can go wrong
19. Leave your irrigation application unattended for months on end

### 3. Installing the Terracotta Irrigation Controller

- Step 1 Position the Terracotta Irrigation Controller in a suitable location in your garden so that the evaporation at the controller matches the evaporation at your plants.
- Step 2. Connect a water supply to the irrigation controller. The water pressure should be at least 10 kPa during the irrigation event.
- Step 3. Connect the adjustable control dripper to the irrigation zone so that it drips water into the terracotta saucer during the irrigation event.
- Step 4. The control box has 11 colour-coded wires which need to be connected to the various components as follows:



Control box



Eleven colour-coded wires connected to the relevant components

Connect the **red** wire to the positive terminal from the 12V DC power supply.

Connect the **black** wire to the negative terminal from the 12V DC power supply.

Connect the **yellow** wire to one of the wires from the float switch.

Connect the **white** wire to the other wire from the float switch.

Connect the **blue** wire to one of the wires from the solenoid valve.

Connect the **green** wire to the other wire from the solenoid valve.

Connect the **brown** wire to the white wire from the light sensor (connected prior to shipment).

Connect the **purple** wire to the black wire from the light sensor (connected prior to shipment).

Connect the **orange** wire to the red wire from the light sensor (connected prior to shipment).

Connect the **pink** wire to the positive terminal from the 12V DC power supply.

Connect the **grey** wire to the negative terminal from the 12V DC power supply.

Step 5 (Control Volume Boost Container). Replace the adjustable control dripper by one of the irrigation drippers.

## 4. How to use the Terracotta Irrigation Controller

Turn on the water supply and the irrigation starts immediately. The control dripper drips water into the terracotta pot during the irrigation. The irrigation stops automatically after the control volume of water has dripped into the pot. The control volume is also the volume of water that seeps through the terracotta pot between irrigation events.

The irrigation starts again automatically after the control volume of water has seeped through the pot. The cycle continues indefinitely and so you can leave your garden unattended for months on end. A saucer sits on top of the pot so that the water in the pot is protected from algae, mosquitoes and thirsty animals. There are 6 small drain holes in the saucer.

When using a conventional irrigation controller, you need to set the start time and the end time for each irrigation event. However, with the Terracotta Irrigation Controller you don't need a timer. The duration of the irrigation event is simply the time it takes for the control volume of water to drip into the pot.

The control dripper provided is adjustable. If you reduce the flow rate of the control dripper, it takes a lot longer for the control volume of water to drip into the pot and so the duration of the irrigation event increases and your plants get more water. On the other hand, if you increase the flow rate of the control dripper, the control volume of water drips into the pot more quickly and so the duration of the irrigation event decreases and your plants get less water. Adjust the control dripper so that the irrigation delivers the appropriate amount of water to your plants at their current stage of growth.



The control dripper is adjustable.

The time it takes for the control volume of water to seep through the pot depends on the prevailing on-site weather conditions. When it is hot and dry, the water seeps more quickly and so the interval between irrigation events is shorter. When it is cool and overcast, the water seeps more slowly and so the interval between irrigation events is longer.

If it rains, rainwater collects in the saucer and drains into the pot. This means that the start of the next irrigation event is delayed. In addition to the control volume of water that needs to seep through the pot between irrigation events, any rainwater that has entered the pot between irrigation events also needs to seep through the pot.

To avoid irrigating during the heat of the day, you can turn off the water supply. Alternatively, a tap timer can be used so that water is only available between sunset and sunrise.

The Terracotta Irrigation Controller uses on-site weather data (namely, evaporation and rainfall). Most smart irrigation controllers do not use on-site weather data. Instead they use weather data from the Bureau of Meteorology.

The Terracotta Irrigation Controller can be used for both gravity feed and pressurised irrigation. It can be used with pressure compensating drippers and non pressure compensating drippers. It can also be used with weeper hose or soaker hose.

You can irrigate directly from a rainwater tank by gravity feed without using a pump provided that the water level in the tank is at least 1 metre higher than the valve at the bottom of the Terracotta Irrigation Controller.

It is recommended that you adjust the interval between irrigation events before adjusting the water usage rate. You may need to adjust the interval between irrigation events and the water usage rate as the plants grow and their water requirements change.

Note that the term **water usage rate** refers to the number of litres per week used by the irrigation system.

### How to adjust the interval between irrigation events

You can adjust the interval between irrigation events by adjusting the gap between the upper and lower floats. The interval between irrigation events is the time it takes for the control volume of water to seep through the porous terracotta pot. To adjust the gap by 4 mm, rotate the upper float by two and a quarter turns.

Adjusting the interval between irrigation events does not change the water usage rate. For example, if you increase the interval between irrigation events by increasing the gap between the upper and lower floats, the amount of water used during the irrigation event increases automatically to ensure that the water usage rate remains the same.



To adjust the interval between irrigation events, adjust the gap between the upper and lower floats

The following table shows the control volume for various values of the gap between the upper and lower floats.

gap between the upper and lower floats	control volume
zero gap	77 ml
4 mm	109 ml
8 mm	141 ml
12 mm	173 ml
16 mm	205 ml
20 mm	237 ml
24 mm	269 ml
28 mm	300 ml

Table 1. Control volume for various gaps between the upper and lower floats

The gap between the upper and lower floats should be chosen so that the next irrigation event starts when there is no further soil moisture available to the plants. Soil moisture sensors or probes may be used to determine the soil moisture profile.

### How to adjust the water usage rate

Position an empty measuring container under one of the drippers so that water drips into the container during the irrigation event. At the end of the irrigation event check the amount of water in the measuring container. You should also check the moisture in the soil.

If your plants are not getting enough water, reduce the flow rate of the control dripper. Reducing the flow rate of the control dripper increases the duration of the irrigation event and so your plants get more water. If your plants are getting too much water, increase the flow rate of the control dripper.

Adjusting the water usage rate does not affect the interval between irrigation events.

## 5. Control Volume Boost Container

The Control Volume Boost Container can be connected to the drain valve on the terracotta pot so that the water level in the container is the same as the water level in the terracotta pot. By using the Control Volume Boost Container, the control volume can be set to any value between 500 ml and 1600 ml (see Table 2). The Control Volume Boost Container can be purchased online at the Measured Irrigation website. A polyester cloth is provided to wick water from inside the container to outside the container to evaporate. Make sure that the polyester cloth is wet at all times. The interval between irrigation events is determined by how quickly water evaporates from the container via the polyester cloth. In addition to adjusting the float, the interval between irrigation events can also be adjusted by exposing more or less of the polyester cloth outside the container. The lid on the container protects the water in the container from debris, algae, mosquitoes and thirsty animals.



Control Volume Boost Container



Control Volume Boost Container connected to the drain valve on the terracotta pot



Adjust the interval between irrigation events by adjusting the exposed surface area of polyester cloth

gap between the upper and lower floats	control volume using the Control Volume Boost Container
zero gap	500 ml
4 mm	638 ml
8 mm	775 ml
12 mm	912 ml
16 mm	1049 ml
20 mm	1185 ml
24 mm	1322 ml
28 mm	1463 ml
32 mm	1600 ml

Table 2. Control volume using the Control Volume Boost Container for various gaps between the upper and lower floats

## 6. Conclusion

The Terracotta Irrigation Controller uses a radically different approach to irrigation scheduling called Measured Irrigation. See the Measured Irrigation website for more information:

[www.measuredirrigation.com.au](http://www.measuredirrigation.com.au)

Conventional irrigation systems **indirectly** control the volume of water discharged by a dripper by using PC drippers to control the flow rate and an irrigation controller to control the time. However, Measured Irrigation **directly** controls the volume of water discharged by a dripper, rather than controlling the flow rate and the time. Because it is no longer necessary to control the flow rate, one can use NPC drippers as well as PC drippers.

NPC drippers can be used with any water supply pressure in the range 10 kPa to 800 kPa.

The Terracotta Irrigation Controller uses on-site weather information rather than information from the Bureau of Meteorology, and so it is ideal for greenhouse applications.

If you are using pressurised irrigation with pressure compensating drippers, the following items are required.

- Pump for the rainwater tank
- Additional solenoid valves (one needed for each additional zone)
- Conventional irrigation controller
- Hose clamps

None of these items are required when you use the Terracotta Irrigation Controller, and so the cost of installing and running the irrigation systems can be reduced dramatically.

The Terracotta Irrigation Controller is a game-changer for automated irrigation on level ground from a rainwater tank.